# KERIKERI PRIMARY SCHOOL

### **ANNUAL REPORT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022



## KERIKERI PRIMARY SCHOOL

### **ANNUAL REPORT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

# Ministry Number: 1034 Principal: Sarah Brown School Address: 39 Hone Heke Road, Kerikeri School Postal Address: P O Box 773, Kerikeri School Phone: (09) 407-8414 School Email: admin@kkps.school.nz

Members of the Board

**School Directory** 

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Daniel Simmonds	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep-25
Sarah Brown	Principal	ex Officio	
Pam Brunton	Parent Representative	Re-Elected	Sep-25
Amy Slack	Parent Representative	Re-Elected	Sep-25
Chloe Davenport	Parent Representative	Re-Elected	Sep-25
Dave Te Iri	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep-25
Joanne vanderLinden	Staff Representative	Re-Elected	Sep-25
Fintan McGlinchey	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep-22
Trudy Hau	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep-22

Accountant / Service Provider:

Auditor: PKF Francis Aickin Ltd

# KERIKERI PRIMARY SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

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## Kerikeri Primary School

## Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

DANIEL SIMMONOS	SAKAH BROWN
Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
10 /8 /2023 Date:	0.8.23 Date:

# **Kerikeri Primary School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense**

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022	2021 Actual \$
	Notes	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	
Revenue				-
Government Grants	2 3	4,448,683	4,482,878	4,171,986
Locally Raised Funds	3	125,841	76,618	111,869
Interest Income		4,511	800	594
Total Revenue	_	4,579,035	4,560,296	4,284,449
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	11,906	33,500	26,935
Learning Resources	4	3,003,972	3,312,841	2,883,272
Administration	5	284,393	51,150	248,081
Finance		2,655	2,000	2,326
Property	6	1,133,940	1,315,155	1,068,858
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		1,257	-	344
	-	4,438,123	4,714,646	4,229,816
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		140,912	(154,350)	54,633
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	-	140,912	(154,350)	54,633

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# **Kerikeri Primary School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity**

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	-	1,514,571	1,514,571	1,450,750
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		140,912	(154,350) -	54,633 9,188
Equity at 31 December	- -	1,655,483	1,360,221	1,514,571

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# **Kerikeri Primary School Statement of Financial Position**

As at 31 December 2022

Date:

	Notes	2022	2022	2021
		tes Actual Budget		Actual
		\$	(Unaudited) \$	\$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	659,110	346,060	709,195
Accounts Receivable	8	275,342	226,335	226,335
GST Receivable		2,567	33,151	33,151
Prepayments		15,239	36,208	36,208
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	15	-2	-	5,100
	_	952,258	641,754	1,009,989
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	10	237,398	279,918	279,918
Revenue Received in Advance	11	55,935	57,743	57,743
Painting Contract Liability	13	24,355		32,258
Finance Lease Liability	14	13,712	7,100	13,643
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	15	13,016	=:	103,618
	_	344,416	344,761	487,180
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		607,842	296,993	522,809
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	9	1,220,524	1,201,788	1,136,642
	_	1,220,524	1,201,788	1,136,642
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	12	147,086	115,929	115,929
Painting Contract Liability	13	₩ 57 GY_00000000	8,548	8,548
Finance Lease Liability	14	25,797	14,083	20,403
	-	172,883	138,560	144,880
Net Assets	_ =	1,655,483	1,360,221	1,514,571
			N.	
Equity	=	1,655,483	1,360,221	1,514,571

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

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Signature of Presiding Member	н	Signature of Principal	
10/8/2023		10.8.23	

Date:

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# **Kerikeri Primary School Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	2022	2022	2021
Note	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	<b>` \$</b>	\$
Cash flows from Operating Activities			
Government Grants	1,504,510	1,299,341	1,094,924
Locally Raised Funds	8,878	76,085	111,336
Goods and Services Tax (net)	30,584	12,343	12,343
Payments to Employees	(728,224)	(535,566)	(555,795)
Payments to Suppliers	(534,406)	(688,686)	(555,252)
Interest Paid	(2,655)	(2,000)	(2,326)
Interest Received	4,511	800	594
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	283,198	162,317	105,824
Cash flows from Investing Activities			
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)	-	-	7,540
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)	(215,727)	(359,516)	(126,598)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities	(215,727)	(359,516)	(119,058)
Cash flows from Financing Activities			
Furniture and Equipment Grant	-	-	9,188
Finance Lease Payments	(15,603)	(13,643)	(20,109)
Painting contract payments	(16,451)	(16,452)	(16,452)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties	(85,502)	-	86,920
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	(117,556)	(30,095)	59,547
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(50,085)	(227,294)	46,313
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 7	709,195	573,354	662,882
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 7	659,110	346,060	709,195

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



### Kerikeri Primary School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

### 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

### a) Reporting Entity

Kerikeri Primary School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

### b) Basis of Preparation

### Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

### Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

### Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

### PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

### Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

### **Presentation Currency**

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

### Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

### Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

### Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 12.

### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 9.

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### Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

### Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 13. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 20b.

### Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

### c) Revenue Recognition

### **Government Grants**

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

### Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

### Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

### Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

### d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

### e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.



### f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

### g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

### h) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

### Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

### Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:
Building improvements to Crown Owned Assets
Furniture and equipment
Information and communication technology
Motor vehicles
Textbooks
Plant & Equipment
Playground/Sports Equipment
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease
Library resources

10–75 years
5–15 years
3–5 years
5 years
3 years
2-10 years
17-40 years
Term of Lease
12.5% Diminishing value



### i) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

### Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

### j) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

### k) Employee Entitlements

### Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

### Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

### I) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

### m) Funds held for Capital works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

### n) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. In instances where the school is determined to be the principal for providing the service related to the Shared Funds (such as the RTLB programme), all income and expenditure related to the provision of the service is recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

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### o) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The schools carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

### p) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

### q) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

### r) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

### s) Services received in-kind"

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



### 2. Government Grants

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	1,441,654	1,066,293	1,121,801
Teachers' Salaries Grants	2,201,653	2,699,400	2,330,746
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	805,376	717,185	717,185
Other Government Grants	-	-	2,254
	4,448,683	4,482,878	4,171,986

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$74,850.

### 3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations & Bequests	38,382	5,000	82,000
Fundraising & Community Grants	11,123	4,000	4,861
Other Revenue	2,261	-	9,538
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	74,075	67,618	15,470
	125,841	76,618	111,869
Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	6,781	30,000	23,844
Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	5,125	3,500	3,091
	11,906	33,500	26,935
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds	113,935	43,118	84,934

### 4. Learning Resources

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	180,546	127,030	76,719
Equipment Repairs	317	3,000	1,496
Information and Communication Technology	50,493	64,978	44,953
Library Resources	389	1,200	564
Employee Benefits - Salaries	2,614,684	2,956,462	2,611,925
Staff Development	26,955	23,500	14,585
Depreciation	130,588	136,671	133,030
	3,003,972	3,312,841	2,883,272



### 5. Administration

Grounds

Security

Heat, Light and Water

Repairs and Maintenance

Use of Land and Buildings

**Employee Benefits - Salaries** 

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	6,160	5,800	5,981
Board Fees	3,240	4,100	4,125
Board Expenses	6,664	5,100	6,749
Communication	3,499	3,400	3,384
Consumables	3,578	5,000	3,318
Operating Lease	4,278	2,000	21
Other	9,104	7,250	7,044
Employee Benefits - Salaries	231,324	-	203,632
Insurance	11,671	14,000	11,952
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	4,875	4,500	1,875
	284,393	51,150	248,081
6. Property			
	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	15,596	15,700	14,460
Consultancy and Contract Services	71,000	71,000	93,380
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	31,157	38,000	47,358

19,805

45,074

16,506

43,585

2,405

83,436

1,133,940

805,376

84,133

60,000

20,000

31,000

2,000

717,185

276,137

1,315,155

17,423

47,849

14,719

47,237

717,185

68,617

1,068,858

630

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

### 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

·	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	659,110	346,060	709,195
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	659,110	346,060	709,195

Of the \$659,110 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$13,016 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided by the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings. The funds are required to be spent in 2023 on Crown owned school buildings.

Of the \$659,110 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$55,935 of unspent grant funding is held by the School. This funding is subject to conditions which specify how the grant is required to be spent. If these conditions are not met, the funds will need to be returned.



### 8. Accounts Receivable

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	60,172	827	827
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	35,557	34,753	34,753
Banking Staffing Underuse	-	7,850	7,850
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	179,613	182,905	182,905
	275,342	226,335	226,335
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	60,172	827	827
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	215,170	225,508	225,508
	275,342	226,335	226,335

### 9. Property, Plant and Equipment

2022	Opening Balance (NBV) <b>\$</b>	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV) \$
Buildings	686,833	67,707	_	-	(30,369)	724,171
Furniture and Equipment	156,071	-	_	-	(33,541)	122,530
Information and Communication Technology	27,425	52,991	(1,257)	-	(12,510)	66,649
Motor Vehicles	846	-	-	-	(846)	-
Plant & Machinery	121,943	8,080	-	-	(13,974)	116,049
Playground/Sports Equipment	106,797	64,910	-	-	(22,444)	149,263
Leased Assets	32,086	21,066	-	-	(15,952)	37,200
Library Resources	4,641	973	-	-	(952)	4,662
Balance at 31 December 2022	1,136,642	215,727	(1,257)	-	(130,588)	1,220,524

The net carrying value of furniture and equipment held under a finance lease is \$37,200 (2021: \$32,086)

### Restrictions

There are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	1,221,044	(496,873)	724,171	1,153,337	(466,504)	686,833
Furniture and Equipment	558,345	(435,815)	122,530	579,221	(423,150)	156,071
Information and Communication Technology	347,423	(280,774)	66,649	295,732	(268,307)	27,425
Motor Vehicles	5,652	(5,652)	-	5,652	(4,806)	846
Textbooks	39,504	(39,504)	-	39,504	(39,504)	-
Plant & Machinery	282,914	(166,865)	116,049	280,908	(158,965)	121,943
Playground/Sports Equipment	335,274	(186,011)	149,263	270,364	(163,567)	106,797
Leased Assets	54,558	(17,358)	37,200	53,532	(21,446)	32,086
Library Resources	90,802	(86,140)	4,662	89,829	(85,188)	4,641
Balance at 31 December	2,935,516	(1,714,992)	1,220,524	2,768,079	(1,631,437)	1,136,642

10. Accounts Payab	le	ę
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To. Accounts I ayable	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	` <b>\$</b>	\$
Creditors	24,723	64,544	64,544
Accruals	7,904	6,878	6,878
Banking Staffing Overuse	963	-	-
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	192,430	197,031	197,031
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	11,378	11,465	11,465
	237,398	279,918	279,918
Payables for Exchange Transactions	237,398	279,918	279,918
	237,398	279,918	279,918
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			
11. Revenue Received in Advance	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget	Actual
		(Unaudited)	
	\$	\$	\$
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	55,935	125	125
Other revenue in Advance	-	57,618	57,618
	55,935	57,743	57,743
12. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance			
	2022	2022	2021
		Budget	

	2022	2022	ZUZ I
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	<b>`</b> \$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	115,929	115,929	68,571
Increase to the Provision During the Year	31,157	-	47,358
Other Adjustments	-	-	-
Provision at the End of the Year	147,086	115,929	115,929
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	147,086	115,929	115,929
	147,086	115,929	115,929

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule the school is next expected to undertake painting works during 2022. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan and quote from Scheduled Maintenance Services Ltd.



### 13. Painting Contract Liability

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Due within one year	24,355	_	32,258
Due after one year	-	8,548	8,548
	24,355	8,548	40,806

In 2017 the Board signed an agreement with Scheduled Maintenance Services Ltd (the contractor) for an agreed programme of work covering an seven year period. The programme provides for an interior and exterior repaint of the Ministry owned buildings in 2022, with regular maintenance in subsequent years. The liability is the best estimate of the actual amount of work performed by the contractor for which the contractor has not been paid at balance sheet date. The liability has not been adjusted for inflation and the effect of the time value of money.

### 14. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022 Actual	2022 Budget (Unaudited)	2021 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	16,319	8,300	15,771
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	28,070	16,383	23,565
Future Finance Charges	(4,880)	(3,500)	(5,290)
	39,509	21,183	34,046
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	13,712	7,100	13,643
Finance lease liability - Non current	25,797	14,083	20,403
	39,509	21,183	34,046

### 15. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7.

	2022	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Decking & Roof Upgrades (214245)		(5,100)	5,100	-	-	-
SIPS2 Shade & Turf (221846)		103,618	142,329	(300,638)	67,707	13,016
Totals		98,518	147,429	(300,638)	67,707	13,016

### Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education

13,016

Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

-



20	021	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Decking & Roof Upgrades (214245)		(5,100)				(5,100)
SIPS2 Shade & Turf (221846)		14,940	136,604	(47,926)		103,618
AMS ILE Upgrades		13,374		(13,374)		-
Heating & Electrical Replacement		(6,760)	6,760			-
Roofing Replacement		(14,257)	14,257			-
Roofing, Flooring & Elctrical Upgrade		(28,110)	28,110			-
Stormwater & Sewerage Replacement		(15,247)	34,716	(19,469)		-
SIPS1 221844 Jnr2:ILE Upgrade		35,174	18,912	(54,086)		-
Water Tanks		17,584		(17,584)		-
Totals		11,598	239,359	(152,439)	-	98,518

### Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education	103,618
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education	(5,100)

### 16. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

### 17. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
Board Members	2.240	4 105
Remuneration	3,240	4,125
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	374,716	373,752
Full-time equivalent members	3.00	3.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	377,956	377,877

There are five members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held eight full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has Finance (1 member) and Property (2 members) that meet monthly and quarterly respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.



### Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

<b>3</b>	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	150 - 160	140 - 150
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4-5	4-5
Termination Benefits	-	-

### Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2022	2021
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	4.00	3.00
110-120	1.00	1.00
-	5.00	4.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

### 18. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Total	\$25,000	\$0
Number of People	1	Nil

### 19. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022, a contingent liability for the school may exist.



### 20. Commitments

### (a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

(a) Contract for SIPs Shade and Turf Project (see Capital Works Projects Note). This project is partially funded by the Ministry of Education with a contribution to date of \$67,707 from the Board of Trustees. As at balance date \$296,009 has been received from MOE and \$350,700 has been spent.

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2021: Contracts for various projects around the school - all projects are fully funded by the Ministry of Education (see Capital Works Projects Note). As at balance date \$239,359 had been received and \$152,439 had been spent)

### (b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

- (a) Programmed Maintenance Contract
- (b) Cleaning Contract;

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
No later than One Year	71,000	86,806
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	-	7,903
	71,000	94,709

### 21. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Timanolar access moderned at amorticed cost	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	` <b>\$</b>	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	659,110	346,060	709,195
Receivables	275,342	226,335	226,335
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	934,452	572,395	935,530
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	237,398	279,918	279,918
Finance Leases	39,509	21,183	34,046
Painting Contract Liability	24,355	8,548	40,806
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	301,262	309,649	354,770

### 22. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

### 23. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



# KiwiSport Funding 2022

2022 has been, to some degree, a continuation of Covid19 placing restrictions on our ability to provide the same level of sporting activities as in previous years. With this in mind, we have still managed to achieve a fair amount of sporting activities assisted by KiwiSport as follows:

- Surfing and water safety EOTC day trip
- School Swimming competitive and non-competitive
- School Tryathalon school wide participation
- Rippa Rugby three teams participated
- School Cross Country offsite school wide participation
- Inter School Cross Country
- Girls' soccer interschool competition
- Sports Equipment through the funding, we were able to purchase a range of sporting equipment to allow children the opportunity to use these during the lunch hour. KiwiSport funds allowed us to stock up equipment that had been lost or broken
- Hireage of buses to get to safely transport large groups of students to sports venues

A large shade structure and synthetic turf was installed in 2022 which has significantly improved the amount of sporting and physical activities undertaken by students.

A pump track was constructed, and we have purchased school bikes/helmets for students.

The KiwiSport funding has provided the students at Kerikeri Primary School the opportunity to experience new sporting and physical activities which some students would not have the opportunity to participate in outside the school environment. KiwiSport is valuable in funding these programmes in and around our local community.

Dave Kirkland 2022 Sport and PE Leader



# Statement of Variance Reporting



School Name:	Kerikeri Primary School	School Number:	1034
Strategic Goals:	Goal 1: Strong working relationships among our school community (to drive better learning outcomes)	school community (t	o drive better learning outcomes)
oda es financia	Goal 2: A balanced and innovative curriculum is experienced by all	experienced by all	
	Goal 3: Positive behaviours for learning are consistently evident throughout our school	sistently evident thro	ughout our school
Annual Strategic Initiatives:	Goal 1 Initiatives: Initiate a community engagement plan to encourage our community to become actively involved in our school and vice versa. Consistency with Class Dojo Follow an annual plan about curriculum info sessions for whanau	our community to beco	me actively involved in our school and vice versa.
	Goal 2 Initiatives: Science of Reading PLD (major) focus with structured literacy approaches implemented throughout the school. Our school curriculum is followed (allocation of time given to curriculum areas) Inquiry PLD (minor) Arts PLD (minor)	d literacy approaches in given to curriculum area	nplemented throughout the school. as)
	Goal 3 Initiatives:		
	Staff engaged in PB4L SW PLD and practices		
	Visual awareness of our KORU values evident around the school	d the school	
Target:	<ul> <li>Goal 1:</li> <li>90% attendance at 3WCs</li> <li>20+ whanau attend a roopu day</li> <li>Attendance 10+ at each session</li> <li>95% satisfaction of session</li> <li>80+% of parents engaging with Dojo</li> <li>Satisfaction survey to parents about Dojo 80+% satisfaction: in terms 2 &amp; 4 Goal 2:</li> </ul>	o 80+% satisfaction: i	n terms 2 & 4

New Zealand Government



# Tātaritanga raraunga

	<ul> <li>80% of children are achieving at or above in maths and literacy</li> <li>70% of our children will make at least one year's progress by the end of the year</li> <li>Arts PLD</li> </ul>
	Goal 3:
	<ul> <li>Decrease in documented behaviour incidents on etap.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Attendance: 90%</li> <li>Shift is evident in academic achievement (as per % identified above)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Images reviewed around the school. Gather voice around this.</li> </ul>
Baseline Data:	Goal 1: July 2019: 60% attendance to 3WCs.
	July 2021: 2019: 5 parents attended a curriculum evening 2021: unable to hold any curriculum evenings
	Goal 2: 2019 data of chn at or above:
	Goal 3: Attendance 2019 whole school: 85.5% Written statements supporting PBAL randomly around the school no photos around the school of our values

Actions What did we do?	Outcomes What happened?	Reasons for the variance Why did it happen?	Evaluation Where to next?
Goal 1: A unit was given to a teacher to	Goal 1: We developed a year overview	Goal 1:	Goal 1:
oversee community engagement.	about events we could hold or places we could visit.	Due to Covid, we had limited	We will develop a new timetable and offer curriculum sessions
A revised set of guidelines were set for teachers about posting on	Unfortunately due to Covid, we were unable to carry out most of	events occur at school and trips outside of school.	again for parents.
Dojo. Team Leaders monitored this.	them. High levels of absenteeism (with flu and covid) really impacted	With a clear plan about how we	We will work alongside the Turner Centre to get our children to centre
Year overview was developed for	on school programmes and events this year.	this means having less	to experience a range of shows.
parent sessions about different	Team leaders monitored teacher	confindincation formats, we have had a greater uptake of Dojo.	Team Leaders will continue to
We offered a number of curriculum	usage of Dojo with greater	When a new child starts in a class,	also how many parents are
info sessions for parents	consistency and greater	are teacher is now prompt with action the parent on Doio. We	reading whole school messages.
throughout the year. We held two roopu days each	engagement by parents on Dojo. We streamlined how we used dojo	also revised the Dojo guidelines	Goal 2:
term.	and who posts whole school posts, and this worked effectively	ror teachers and teachers are required to follow these.	Whole school will be doing Structured Literacy with a
Goal 2:		FIII and Covid were the reasons	facilitator from Ideal providing
Every teacher was enrolled in	We offered curriculum information	that we had low attendance of	guidance throughout the year from
Structured Literacy PLD (online). We allowed teachers to opt in to	sessions, and had very low numbers indicate that they wanted	curriculum information sessions.	term 2 onward.
teaching structured literacy.	to attend. We then offered online	Goal 2:	
Expectations shared around times	sessions, however these too had		With curriculum PLD, we will be
given to curriculum areas. Team		We were pleased with the number	rocussing on Structured Literacy
	sessions and not eventuate.	teaching structured literacy. We	
Our Curriculum DP ran a staff	Most of the Roopu days occurred,	had teachers in the Middles and	Goal 3:
meeting on Inquiry teaching,	however, we did not allow parents	Seniors also opt in and they are	We will begin Tier 3 work for PB4L
Our Arts leader ran a number of staff PI D sessions of each area of	at some of them due to high levels of illness in the community	eaders III triell current teams around this approach. Teachers	in 2023.
the Arts throughout the vear.		overall, have been very positive	Photographs will be taken of
	Goal 2:	about the PLD and approaching Structured Literacy. While this is	children demonstrating our KORU
Ministry of Education   Statement of Variance Reporting	orting	77	New Zealand Government

# Tataritanga raraunga

Goal 3:
We held numerous staff PLD
sessions about PB4L throughout
the year. We moved through Tier
2.

We developed a plan for signage around the school and found out we were successful with a grant application for signage at the end of term four.

All teachers completed the online structured Literacy PLD. 8 teachers opted into teaching Structured Literacy.

Consistency was evident and times adhered to by teachers of teaching of curriculum areas.

One staff PLD session was run about Inquiry teaching. Staff felt confident to implement inquiry teaching strategies into the class and learnt some new approaches.

Arts leader ran an Arts PLD session each term. Practical content shared and implemented into classes.

Goal 3:

We moved through Tier 2. Each class now has a 'calm space', and restorative practices have become normalised throughout the school. We are now ready to move to Tier 3 in 2023.

With confirmation of the funding only coming through in late term 4, we have not yet had the signs

quite different to how they have previously taught reading, most can see the positive impact structured literacy will have on our

children.

Goal 3:

We have continued to see positive responses to our Tier 2 practices in the school, such as calm spaces in classrooms and restorative practices. Teachers have supported the Tier 2 practices and regular discussion around Tier 2 practices has supported the successful implementation of these in our school.

With the funding allocations, you can only apply at certain times, and our application was accepted at the end of the year.

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# Tātaritanga raraunga

created term 1,	ed, and instead will do this in 1, 2023.
Planning for next year:	
Structured Literacy: rolling this out. We will work alongside Ideal (facilitator) to PE PLD: We will work with Sport Northland for the facilitation of the PLD. Child mental health PLD: Think and Be Me PLD and practical work with children.	Structured Literacy: rolling this out. We will work alongside Ideal (facilitator) to do this. PE PLD: We will work with Sport Northland for the facilitation of the PLD. Child mental health PLD: Think and Be Me PLD and practical work with children.

# PKF Far North Limited Chartered Accountants



Accountants & business advisers

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## TO THE READERS OF KERIKERI PRIMARY SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Kerikeri Primary School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Stewart Russell, using the staff and resources of PKF Far North Ltd, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 18, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
  - its financial position as at 31 December 2022; and
  - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with PBE Accounting Standards (PBE IPSAS) Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting.

### Failure to meet statutory reporting deadline

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to the fact that the Board of Trustees did not comply with section 87C(1) of the education Act 1989, which required the Board to provide its audited financial statements to the Ministry of Education by 31 May 2023. However, we noted that this breach was not attributable to the school.

Our audit was completed on 10 August 2023. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

### Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Directors: Dale Adamson, CA; Stewart Russell, CA; Ayla Pene, CA; Consultant: Eddie Aickin, BCom, CA

PKF Far North Ltd is a member firm of the PKF International Limited and PKF New Zealand Limited family of legally independent firms and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions of any individual member or correspondent firm or firms.



### Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

### Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.



Accountants & business advisers

- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Edpay payroll system, which may still
  contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from
  the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial
  statements.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arise from the Public Audit Act 2001.

### Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Analysis of Variance 2022 and the Kiwisport Report on pages 19 to 24, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised): *Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Stewart Russell

Stewart Russell PKF Far North Ltd On behalf of the Auditor-General Kaitaia, New Zealand